

MAY

- I had some repute for prose;
And, till they drove me out of date,
Could *maul* a minister of state.
But fate with butchers plac'd thy priestly stall,
Meek modern faith to murder, hack and maul.
- MAUL**. *n. f.* [maulus, Latin.] A heavy hammer.
A man that beareth false witness is a *maul*, a sword, and sharp arrow.
- MAUND**. *n. f.* [manb, Saxon; munde, Fr.] A hand-basket.
To **MAUNDER**. *v. n.* [maudire, French.] To grumble; to murmur.
- He made me many visits, *maundering* as if I had done him a discourtesy in leaving such an opening. *Wife's Surgery.*
- MAUNDERER**. *n. f.* [from *maunder*.] A murmurer; a grumbler.
- MAUNDY-THURSDAY**. *n. f.* [derived by *Spelman* from *mande*, a hand-basket, in which the king was accustomed to give alms to the poor.] The Thursday before Good-friday.
- MAUSOLEUM**. *n. f.* [Latin; mausoleus, French.] A name which was first given to a stately monument erected by his queen Artimisia to her husband Mausolus, king of Caria.] A pompous funeral monument.
- MAW**. *n. f.* [maga, Saxon; maghe, Dutch.]
1. The stomach of animals, and of human beings, in contempt.
So oft in feasts with costly changes clad,
To cram'd *maus* a sprat new stomach brings.
We have heats of dungs, and of bellies and *maus* of living creatures, and of their bloods.
Though plenteous, all too little seems,
To stuff this *mau*, this vast unhidebound corps.
The serpent, who his *mau* obscene had fill'd,
The branches in his curl'd embraces held.
 2. The craw of birds.
Granivorous birds have the mechanism of a mill; their *mau* is the hopper which holds and softens the grain, letting it down by degrees into the stomach, where it is ground by two strong muscles; in which action they are assisted by small stones, which they swallow for the purpose.
- MAWKISH**. *adj.* [perhaps from *mau*.] Apt to give satiety; apt to cause loathing.
Flow, welsted! flow, like thine inspirer beer,
So sweetly *mauwish*, and so smoothly dull.
- MAWKISHNESS**. *n. f.* [from *mauwish*.] Aptness to cause loathing.
- MAWMET**. *n. f.* [or *mammet*, from *mam* or *mother*.] A puppet, anciently an idol.
- MAWMISH**. *adj.* [from *mauwm* or *mauwm*.] Foolish; idle; nauseous.
- It is one of the most nauseous, *mauwish* mortifications, for a man of sense to have to do with a punctual, finical top.
- MAW-WORM**. *n. f.* [from *mau* and *worm*.]
Ordinary gut-worms loosen, and slide off from, the intern tunick of the guts, and frequently creep into the stomach for nutriment, being attracted thither by the sweet chyle; whence they are called stomach or *mau-worms*.
- MAXILLAR**. *adj.* [maxillaris, Latin.] Belonging to the maxillary bones.
- The greatest quantity of hard substance continued is towards the head; there is the skull, the teeth, and the maxillary bones.
- MAXIM**. *n. f.* [maxime, French; maximum, Lat.] An axiom; a general principle; a leading truth.
This *maxim* out of love I teach.
It is a *maxim* in state, that all countries of new conquest, till settled, are rather matters of burden than of strength.
- Yet, as in duty bound, they serve him on;
Nor ease, nor wealth, nor life itself regard,
For 'tis their *maxim*, love is love's reward.
- That the temper, the sentiments, the morality of men, is influenced by the example and disposition of those they converse with, is a reflexion which has long since passed into proverbs, and been ranked among the standing *maxims* of human wisdom.
- MAY**, auxiliary verb, preterite *might*. [magan, Saxon; mighen, Dutch.]
1. To be at liberty; to be permitted; to be allowed; as, you may do for me [per me licet] all you can.
He that is sent out to travel with the thoughts of a man, desirous to improve himself, may get into the conversation of persons of condition.
 2. To be possible; with the words *may be*.
To be the workmen what they may be, let us speak of the work.
 3. To be by chance.
It may be, I shall otherwise bethink me of it.
- How old may Phillis be, you ask,
Whose beauty thus all hearts engages?
To answer is no easy task,
For she has really two ages.

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4. To have power.
This also tendeth to no more but what the king may do: for what he may do is of two kinds; what he may do as just, and what he may do as possible.
Make the most of life you may.
 5. A word expressing desire.
May you live happily and long for the service of your country.
- MAY-be**. Perhaps.
May-be, that better reason will assuage
The rash revenger's heart, words well dispos'd
Have secret pow'r to appease inflamed rage.
- MAY-be**, the am'rous count solicits her
In the unlawful purpose.
- 'Tis nothing yet, yet all thou hast to give;
Then add those *may-be* years thou hast to live.
- What they offer is bare *may-be* and shift, and scarce ever amounts to a tolerable reason.
- MAY**. *n. f.* [Maius, Latin.] The fifth month of the year; the confine of Spring and Summer; the early or gay part of life.
On a day, alack the day!
Love, whose month is ever *May*,
Spied a blossom passing fair,
Playing in the wanton air.
- Maidens are *May* when they are maids,
But the sky changes when they are wives.
- Is in the very *May*-morn of his youth,
Ripe for exploits.
- I'll prove it on his body, if he dare;
Despight his nice fence, and his active practice,
His *May* of youth, and bloom of luthood.
- May* must be drawn with a sweet and amiable countenance, clad in a robe of white and green, embroidered with daisies, hawthorns, and blue-bottles.
- Hail! bounteous *May*, that dost inspire
Mirth and youth, and warm desire;
Woods and groves are of thy dressing,
Hill and dale doth boast thy blessing.
- To **MAY**. *v. n.* [from the noun.] To gather flowers on *May* morning.
When merry *May* first early calls the morn,
With merry maids a *may*ing they do go.
Cupid with Aurora playing,
As he met her once a *may*ing.
- MAY-BUG**. *n. f.* [from *May* and *bug*.] A chaffer.
- MAY-DAY**. *n. f.* [from *May* and *day*.] The first of *May*.
'Tis as much impossible,
Unless we sweep them from the door with cannons,
To scatter 'em, as 'tis to make 'em sleep
On *May-day* morning.
- MAY-FLOWER**. *n. f.* [from *May* and *flower*.] A plant.
The plague, they report, hath a scent of the *May-flower*.
- MAY-FLY**. *n. f.* [from *May* and *fly*.] An insect.
He loves the *May-fly*, which is bred of the cod-worm or caddis.
- MAY-GAME**. *n. f.* [from *May* and *game*.] Diversion; sport; such as are used on the first of *May*.
The king this while, though he seem'd to account of the designs of Perkin but as a *May-game*, yet had given order for the watching of beacons upon the coasts.
- Like early lovers, whose unpractis'd hearts
Were long the *May-game* of malicious arts,
When once they find their jealousies were vain,
With double heat renew their fires again.
- MAY-LILY**. *n. f.* The same with *lily* of the valley.
- MAY-POLE**. *n. f.* [from *May* and *pole*.] Pole to be danced round in *May*.
Amid the area wide she took her stand,
Where the tall *May-pole* once o'er-look'd the strand.
- MAY-WEED**. *n. f.* [from *May* and *weed*.] A species of chamomile, called also flinking chamomile, which grows wild.
The *May-weed* doth burne, and the thistle doth treat,
The fitches pul downward both rie and the wheat.
- MAYOR**. *n. f.* [majus, Latin.] The chief magistrate of a corporation, who, in London and York, is called *Lord Mayor*.
My Lord, the *mayor* of London comes to greet you.
- When the king once heard it; out of anger,
He sent command to the lord *mayor* straight
To stop the rumour.
- The *mayor* of this town locked up the gates of the city.
- Wou'dst thou not rather chuse a small renown,
To be the *mayor* of some poor, paltry town.
- MAYORALTY**. *n. f.* [from *mayor*.] The office of a mayor.
It is incorporated with a *mayoralty*, and nameth burgesses to the parliament.
- There was a sharp prosecution against Sir William Capel, for misgovernment in his *mayoralty*.
- MAYOR**. *n. f.* [from *mayor*.] The wife of the mayor.

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- MA'ZARD**. *n. f.* [machoire, French.] A jaw.
- Now my lady Worm's chapels, and knockt about the mazard with a sexton's spade.
- Where thou might'st stickle without hazard
Of outrage to thy hide and mazard.
- MAZE**. *n. f.* [missen, Dutch, to mistake; maze, a whirlpool, Skimmer.]
A labyrinth; a place of perplexity and winding passages.
He, like a copious river, pour'd his song
O'er all the *mazes* of enchanted ground.
- Confusion of thought; uncertainty; perplexity.
He left in himself nothing but a *maze* of longing, and a dungeon of sorrow.
- While they study how to bring to pass that religion may seem but a matter made, they lose themselves in the very *maze* of their own discourses, as if reason did even purposely forsake them, who of purpose forsake God, the author thereof.
- I have thrust myself into this *maze*,
Haply to wive and thrive as best I may.
- To **MAZE**. *v. a.* [from the noun.] To bewilder; to confuse.
Much was I *maz'd* to see this monster kind,
In hundred forms to change his fearful hue.
- MA'ZV**. *adj.* [from *maze*.] Perplexed; confused.
The Lapithae to chariots add the state
Of bits and bridles, taught the steed to bound,
To run the ring, and trace the *mazy* round.
- MA'ZER**. *n. f.* [mazer, Dutch, a knot of maple.] A maple cup.
Then, lo! Perigot, the pledge which I plight,
A *mazer* ywrought of the maple ware,
Wherein is enchafted many a fair fight
Of bears and tygers that make fierce war.
- Virgil observes, like Theocritus, a just decorum, both of the subject and the persons, as particularly in the third pastoral, where one of his shepherds describes a bowl, or *mazer*, curiously carved.
- M. D. Medicine doctor, doctor of physick.
- ME**.
1. The oblique case of *I*.
Me, only me, the hand of fortune bore,
Unblest to tread an interdicted shore.
 2. *Me* is sometimes a kind of ludicrous expletive.
He thrusts *me* himself into the company of three or four gentlemanlike dogs, under the duke's table.
 3. It is sometimes used ungrammatically for *I*; as, methinks.
Me rather had, my heart might feel your love,
Than my unpleas'd eye see your courtesy.
- MEACOCK**. *n. f.* [mes cog, Skinner.] An uxorious or effeminate man.
- MEACOCK**. *adj.* Tame; timorous; cowardly.
'Tis a world to see,
How tame, when men and women are alone,
A *meacock* wretch can make the curstest shrew.
- MEAD**. *n. f.* [maeo, Saxon; meae, Dutch; meth, German; bydromeli, Lat.] A kind of drink made of water and honey.
Though not so solutive a drink as *mead*, yet it will be more grateful to the stomach.
- He sheers his over-burden'd sheep;
Or *mead* for cooling drink prepares,
Of virgin honey in the jars.
- MEAD**. *n. f.* [maeo, Sax.] Ground somewhat watery, not *meadow*.
Where al thing in common do rest,
Come feed with the pasture and *mead*,
Yet what doth it stand you in stead?
- A hand select from forage drives
A herd of beeves, fair oxen, and fair kine,
From a fat *meadow* ground.
- Paints her, 'tis true, with the same hand which spreads,
Like glorious colours, through the flow'ry *meads*,
When lavish nature with her best attire
Cloaths the gay spring, the season of desire.
- Yet ere to-morrow's sun shall show his head,
The dewy paths of *meadows* we will tread,
For crowns and chaplets to adorn thy bed.
- MEADOW-SAFFRON**. *n. f.* [colchicum, Lat.] A plant.
The *meadow-saffron* hath a flower consisting of one leaf, shaped like a lily, rising in form of a small tube, and is gradually widened into six segments: it has likewise a solid, bulbous root, covered with a membranous skin.
- MEADOW-SWEET**. *n. f.* [ulmaria, Lat.] A plant.

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- The *meadow-sweet* hath a flower composed of several leaves placed in a circular order, and expanding in form of a rose, out of whose empalement rises the pointal, which becomes a fruit composed of many little membranous crooked huffs gathered into an head, each of which generally contains one seed.
- MEAGER**. *adj.* [maigre, French; macer, Latin.]
1. Lean; wanting flesh; starven.
Thou art to lean and *meagre* waxen late,
That scarce thy legs uphold thy feeble gate.
Now will the canker sorrow eat my bud,
And chafe the native beauty from his cheek,
And he will look as hollow as a ghost,
As dim and *meagre* as an ague's fit.
 2. Poor; hungry.
Canaan's happy land, when worn with toil,
Requir'd a Sabbath year to mend the *meagre* soil.
 3. To **MEAGER**. *v. a.* [from the noun.] To make lean.
It cannot be, that I should be so shamefully betrayed, and as a man *meagered* with long watching and painful labour, laid himself down to sleep.
- MEAGERNESS**. *n. f.* [from *meager*.]
1. Leanness; want of flesh.
 2. Scantiness; bareness.
Poynings, the better to make compensation of the *meagerness* of his service in the wars by acts of peace, called a parliament.
- MEAK**. *n. f.* A hook with a long handle.
A *meake* for the pease, and to swing up the brake.
- MEAL**. *n. f.* [male, Saxon, repast or portion.]
1. The act of eating at a certain time.
Boaz said unto her at *meal* time, Come eat, and dip thy morsel.
 2. A repast.
What strange fish
Hath made his *meal* on thee?
 3. A part; a fragment.
That yearly rent is still paid into the hanaper, even as the former casualty itself was wont to be, in parcel *meals*, brought in, and answered there.
 4. [Maeley, Saxon; meal, Dutch; mahlen, to grind, German.] The flower or edible part of corn.
In the bolting and sifting of near fourteen years of such power and favour, all that came out could not be expected to be pure and fine *meal*, but must have a mixture of padar and bran in this lower age of human fragility.
- An old weazel conveys himself into a *meal*-tub for the mice to come to her, since she could not go to them.
- To **MEAL**. *v. a.* [meler, French.] To sprinkle; to mingle.
Were he *meal'd*
With that which he corrects, then were he tyrannous.
- ME'ALMAN**. *n. f.* [meal and man.] One that deals in meal.
- ME'ALY**. *adj.* [from *meal*.]
1. Having the taste or soft insipidity of meal; having the qualities of meal.
The *mealy* parts of plants dissolved in water make too viscid an aliment.
 2. Besprinkled, as with meal.
With four wings, as all farinaceous and *mealy*-winged animals, as butterflies and moths.
 3. Like a gay insect, in his summer shine,
The top light fluttering spreads his *mealy* wings.
- MEALY-MOUTHED**. *adj.* [imagined by Skinner to be corrupted from *mild-mouthed* or *mellow-mouthed*: but perhaps from the fore mouths of animals, that, when they are unable to comminute their grain, must be fed with meal.] Soft mouthed; unable to speak freely.
She was a fool to be *mealy-mouthed* where nature speaks so plain.
- MEALY-MOUTHEDNESS**. *n. f.* [from the adjective.] Bathfulness; restraint of speech.